

NEXUS ARCH A MULTICENTER STUDY EVALUATING THE INITIAL EXPERIENCE WITH A NOVEL AORTIC ARCH STENT GRAFT SYSTEM

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PATIENT TREATED WITH NEXUS™ FOR AORTIC ARCH ANEURYSM^{*}

Baseline





1-Month

12-Months



*Courtesy of Dr Andrew Hill, Auckland New Zealand.

CAUTION: Investigational Device - Limited by United States law to investigational use. Endospan devices bear the CE marking of conformity.

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BY ENDOSPAN

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STUDY DESIGN

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Prospective cohort		(n=18)	use (n=10)
28 patients in 5 centers	University Hospital Zürich, Switzerland	14	2
From first-in-man			
(FIM n=18) study	Azienda Complesso Ospedaliero San Filippo Neri, Rome, Italy	3	2
(NCT02365454) or as			
compassionate use	New Zealand	-	1
(n=10) with systematic	Toronto General Hospital		
data collection	Canada	-	5
(NCT03420066)	University Hospital, Düsseldorf, Germany	1	-



First in burns



BASELINE CHARACTERISTICS

Variable	First in Man Cohort	Compassionate Cohort	Entire Cohort	P-value	
	(n = 18)	(n = 10)	(n = 28)		
Age (years), mean ± SD	71.7 ± 5.9	73.2 ± 6.9	72.2 ± 6.2	0.55	
NEXUS procedure time (min) ⁺	16/18 (88.9%)	6/10 (60%)	22/28 (78.6%)	0.15	
BMI kg/m ² , mean ± SD	28.6 ± 5.4	27.2 ± 7.2	28.1 ± 6.0	0.57	
DM	2/18 (11.1%)	0/10	2/28 (7.1%)	0.52	
HTN	18/18 (100%)	9/10 (90%)	27/28 (96.4%)	0.36	
DLP	6/18 (33.3%)	5/9 (55.5%)	11/27 (40.7%)	0.41	
Current smoker	3/18 (16.7%)	1/10 (10%)	4/28 (14.3%)	1.00	
COPD	5/18 (27.8%)	4/10 (40%)	9/28 (32.1%)	0.68	
CAD	7/18 (38.9%)	2/10 (20%)	9/28 (32.1%)	0.42	
Arrhythmia	6/18 (33.3%)	1/10 (10%)	7/28 (25%)	0.36	
Previous sternotomy	12/18 (27.8%)	3/10 (30%)	15/28 (53.6%)	0.11	
CVA/TIA	1/18 (5.6%)	1/10 (10%)	2/28 (7.1%)	1.00	
CHF (NYHA III/IV)	0	2/10 (20%)	2/28 (7.1%)	0.12	
PVD	2/18 (11.1%)	1/10 (10%)	3/28 (10.7%)	1.00	
CKD (Creatine > 2.0)	2/18 (11.1%)	0	2/28 (7.1%)	0.52	
Anemia	7/18 (38.9%)	2/10 (20%)	9/18 (32.1%)	0.42	
ASA risk score ≥ 3	16/17 (94.1%)	9/10 (90%)	25/27 (92.5%)	0.70	

ASA indicates American Society of Anesthesiology; CAD, coronary artery disease; CHF, congestive heart failure; CKD, chronic kidney disease; COPD, chronic obstructive lung disease; CVA, cerebrovascular accident; DLP, dyslipidemia; DM, diabetes mellitus; HTN, hypertension; IQR, interquartile range; NYHA, New York Heart Association; PVD, peripheral vascular disease; TIA, Transient ischemic attack.

TREATED AORTIC ARCH ACCORDING TO MOST PROXIMAL PATHOLOGY*



*Roselli et al. Zone zero thoracic endovascular aortic repair: A proposed modification to the classification of landing zones. J Thorac Cardiovasc Surg. 2018;155(4):1381-9

PROCEDURAL CHARACTERISTICS





*Total procedure time: skin-to-skin; data was collected for 26 patients

[†]NEXUS procedure time: time from access with the arch stent graft delivery system until retrieval of the ascending stent graft delivery system; data was collected for 17 patients

‡Fluoroscopy time data was collected for 25 patients

§Contrast volume data was collected for 24 patients

ICU indicates intensive care unit



MORTALITY & STROKE RATE

	30 Days	1 Year
Mortality Rate	7.1%	10.7% ¹
Stroke		
Disabling	0.0%	0.0%
Non-Disabling	3.6%	7.1% ²
1		2
Not device or aneurysm-related death per CEC Adjudication	Repor TIA th compl recove	ted Stroke or at etely ered



Kaplan-Meier survival curves

A: Freedom from device-related unplanned reinterventions

B: Overall survival

ENDOLEAKS WITHOUT CLINICAL SEQUELAE



Type III

1 patient at 30d (resolved spontaneously) and 1 patient at 6 months – stable at 1 year – no aneurysm growth

Type la None



Type II 4 non occluded LSA (expected) – successful staged embolization

Type Ib 1 patient – expected – pre-planned distal thoracic stent graft extension

OTHER OUTCOMES

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A 1-year follow-up	No graft migration, stent graft separation, branch occlusion, stent fracture, graft infoldings or collapse.		
CTA	1 report of asymptomatic surgical graft occlusion (LCC artery to LSA)		
	No reports of periscope occlusion		
Periscope stent grafts in 10 patients	<i>Unplanned periscope interventions:</i> 1 at 30 days and 2 at 12 months (Aneurysm enlargements >5mm)		
	Planned device related interventions: (periscope): 1 at 12 months		
	No stent migration		

CONCLUSION





In patients with aortic arch pathologies that require landing

in the ascending aorta, endovascular repair with the NEXUS Aortic Arch Stent Graft System can be performed with high success rate and promising results at 1 year.



Further follow-up is required to establish the long-term

safety and effectiveness of this device.

28 Patients with 1 year FU KEY OUTCOMES



100% procedural success.

At one month, the vascular pathology was excluded in **25 of 26** alive patients **(96.1%)**. One year mortality was **10.7%**, without device or aneurysm related death.

Two patients (7.1%) reported non-disabling stroke or TIA at one year that recovered completely.

Three patients (10.7%) had device related unplanned reinterventions through one year.



NEXUS[™] VS TERUMO

	NEXUS™: OUS (n=28) ^{1,2}	NEXUS [™] : US IDE (n=10) ^{1,3}	TERUMO (n=12)
Early Mortality	2/28 (7.1%)	1/10 (10%)	2/12 (17%)
Stroke	1/28 (3.6%)	0/10 (0%)	6/12 (50%)
Paralysis	0/28 (0%)	0/10 (0%)	1/12 (8%)
Respiratory Failure	1/28 (3.6%)	0/10 (0%)	1/12 (8%)



Presented by Dr. Roselli from the Cleveland Clinic at VEITH in 2019

¹ Results includes Bypass and NEXUS Implant ² NCT02365454; NCT03420066 ³ NCT04471909